

BERRY MEDICAL CENTRE

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MBBS

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MB, BS, FRACGP

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BSC(Hons), MBBS, FRACGP, DipChildHealth

NURSING STAFF

Leilani Donovan (RN and midwife)

Ann Packham (RN)

Melissa Spender (RN)

ADMIN STAFF

Linda Anderson (Practice Manager)

RECEPTION TEAM

Lyn Burke, Gail Norris, Jodie Thompson,
Abbey Welsh, Ashleigh Abbott, Fiona Harrod

HOURS AND SERVICES

CONSULTATIONS by appointment:

Monday to Friday 8:30am–5.30pm

URGENT medical problems are dealt with promptly.

The practice provides a complete range of general practice care, including home visits, hospital and nursing home care.

AFTER HOURS: For urgent after-hours problems please call the surgery on 4464 1577

SERVICES

- Diagnosis and management of short-term illness
- Surveillance of chronic illness
- Sports injuries
- Minor operative procedures (moles, ingrown toenails)
- Mirena and Implanon
- Palliative care
- Sutures and fractures
- Point of Care Ultrasound
- ECG (heart assessment)
- Iron infusion
- Q Fever Vaccinations
- Durolane Injection
- Travel advice and immunisation
- Family planning
- Paediatrics
- Pregnancy care
- Newborn care
- Immunisations
- Better Health Clinics
- Womens Wellness Clinics

ONLINE BOOKINGS

We use online bookings system - HotDoc - to provide easier appointment bookings for our patients. You can book appointments for yourself and your family at anytime online - through our website www.berrymedicalcentre.com.au or by using the HotDoc mobile app (for apple and android devices) with a few simple clicks. If you have elected, you can also receive all your reminders via the app.

YOUR DOCTOR JUNE 2020



How does fibre benefit your body?

With Bowel Cancer Awareness Month in June, it makes sense to pay attention to dietary fibre and all it can do to keep your bowel and body happy.

Every week, bowel cancer claims the lives of over 100 Australians. It's the country's second-most deadliest cancer, affecting men and women, young and old, but also one of the most treatable types if detected early. One of the risk factors is not including enough fibre in your diet.

This is easy to change given how readily available fibre is in everyday food, so it makes sense to be proactive about consuming it. Dietary fibre is found in the indigestible part of fruits, vegetables, and cereals. These pass relatively unchanged the entire way through your digestive tract, helping to keep your digestive system healthy.

Alongside digestive benefits, fibre plays a role in stabilising blood sugar and cholesterol levels, which can help prevent a range of conditions, such as heart disease and diabetes. A low-fibre diet can lead to colon cancer, obesity, haemorrhoids, constipation, and so many other preventable conditions. In countries with traditionally high-fibre diets, these diseases are much less common than in Western countries.

What should I be eating?

The Heart Foundation recommends that every adult should consume between 25 and 30 grams of fibre daily; however most Australians are only getting 20 to 25 grams. Fibre is even more important for older people, as the digestive system slows down with age.

Fibre is found in plant products, and there are two types which everybody needs to include in their daily diet: soluble and insoluble. Most plant foods contain a mixture of both.

Insoluble fibre is part of plant cell walls which helps to keep our bowels regular. Good sources are found in the skins of fruit and vegetables, whole grains, nuts, seeds, beans, and wheat, corn and rice bran. Insoluble fibre helps to add bulk, and to prevent constipation and associated problems such as haemorrhoids.

Soluble fibre primarily exists in plant cells and one of its major roles is to lower LDL (bad) cholesterol levels. You can get plenty of soluble fibre from fruit and vegetables, peas, lentils, oat bran, seeds, and soy products such as soy milk. Soluble fibre can also help with constipation by acting as a sponge, making bowel contents softer and easier to move.

The main job of fibre is to keep the digestive system healthy, but it's also beneficial for weight control, diabetes management, and even protecting your body from bowel cancer and heart disease.

Drastic increases in fibre consumption can cause discomfort and decreased mineral absorption in some people, so increase your intake slowly by making one change at a time until your body adjusts. Eat a variety of nutritious food to get each type of fibre, drink plenty of fluid to help it work efficiently, and enjoy the benefits of better health.

WHAT'S INSIDE



HOW DOES STRESS AFFECT YOUR BODY?



RESTLESS LEG SYNDROME (RLS)



CAN CHICKEN SOUP CURE A COLD?



KEEP ACTIVE WITH WINTER WALKING

Keep active with winter walking

Walking at any time of the year is good for your health. Not only are you getting that much-needed exercise, but you're also improving circulation, boosting your mood and energy levels, building core strength, and helping to improve mobility.

In summer, getting out and about is easy to do, but in winter, when the air is cold or it's a little bit drizzly, you may be more inclined to want to stay indoors. While it's all too easy to cuddle up on the couch with a good book and a hot chocolate, it's important to get the same level of exercise now as you did during those summer months. Once you've built up the motivation to get your walking shoes on and out the door, you'll remember just how refreshing a walk can be, whatever the weather.

Here's how to make your winter walk as enjoyable and beneficial as your summer one.

WARM UP AND DOWN

When you go from the warmth of your home to the colder temperatures outside, it can take time for your body to adjust. Warm up slowly to help reduce the risk of injury. After your walk, bring your heart rate back down to normal by warming down and stretching.

DRINK WATER

Staying hydrated is just as crucial in winter as it is in summer. You will lose fluid through perspiration, so drink plenty of water before and after your walk.

BE COMFORTABLE

Wear appropriate clothing and footwear. Your walking shoes should be breathable, lightweight, and cushioned for comfort. Wear breathable layers you can remove as you warm up, and replace as you cool down. This will keep you dry which is key to keeping warm in cold temperatures. Don't forget to cover your ears, hands, and head.

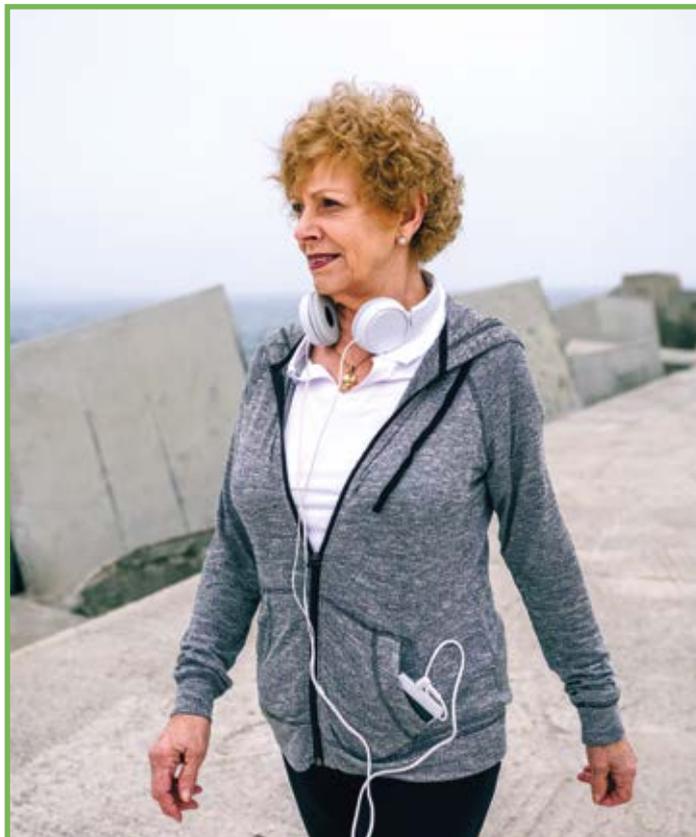
CHECK YOUR POSTURE

Walking is even more beneficial when you maintain the correct posture. You will decrease wear and tear on your body, prevent back, hip and leg pain, improve balance, and lessen the chance of injuries.

- Try not to hunch, keep your body straight, your head up and look ahead.
- Keep your shoulders down and back, but also loose and relaxed.

- Focus on engaging your core muscles by pulling your belly in toward your spine.
- Step with your heel first, roll through to your toes and push out of the step.

Don't let the winter blues set in. There are several great walking apps and devices available which can help motivate you. Be mindful of how you move and you may be inspired to walk further and faster, increasing your overall health and wellbeing.



Crossword Corner

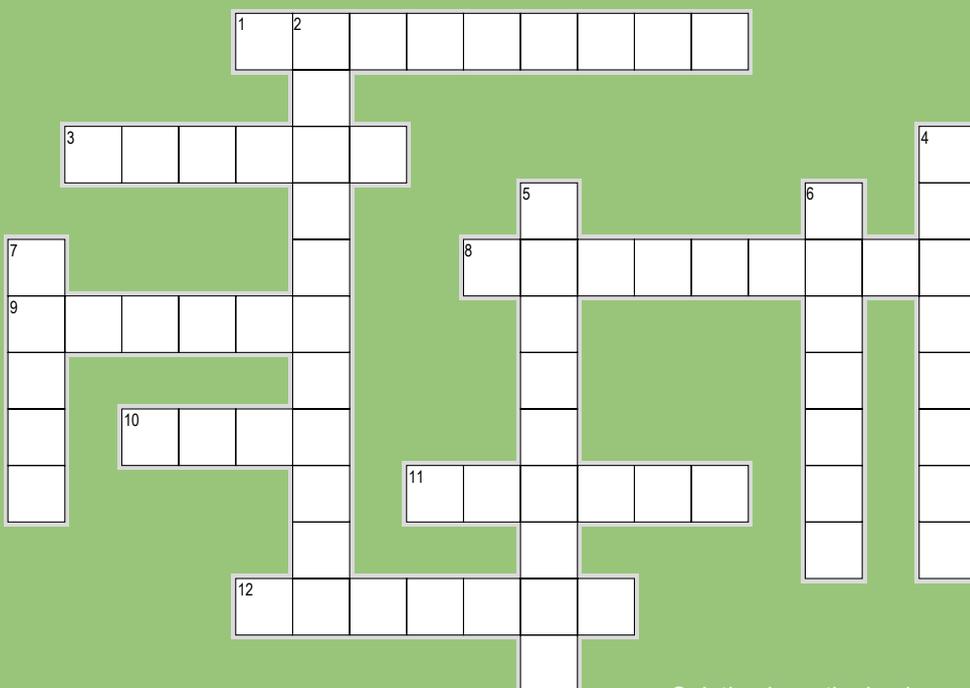
Answers to clues can be found in this edition of Your Doctor.

Across

1. Frequent bowel movements producing watery stools
3. Medicine or cure
8. Somebody who always expects the worst to happen
9. Protected from getting a disease because of natural resistance
10. The type of food you usually eat
11. Mental or emotional strain
12. A feeling of unease and worry

Down

2. Difficulty and pain when digesting food
4. Somebody who tends to feel hopeful and positive
5. Restore body fluids to a normal level
6. Aware and attentive
7. Fruits, vegetables, nuts and wholegrains provide this



Solution is on the back page.

Can chicken soup cure a cold?

What's the truth behind this traditional remedy – can it really help us get better from colds?

Chicken soup, noodle soup, or other kinds of thin broths have been touted as a remedy for all kinds of ills for hundreds of years. But there's a solid grounding behind its persistent reputation as a household cure-all. It's easy to eat when you're feeling under the weather, and has a fantastic array of nutrients:

- **Protein** – particularly from the chicken, it's important to get protein to give your body the building blocks for repairing itself and fighting infections.
- **Iron** – found in meats, dark green leafy vegetables, lentils and other ingredients for traditional warming soups. Iron is an essential nutrient, having low iron levels can create a whole range of serious problems.
- **Salts and sugars** – an accidental blend of important electrolytes – essential for energy and maintaining a good fluid balance – like a natural sports drink!

- **Vitamins** – depending on the blend of vegetables in your recipe, you can get important nutrients from soup. Celery, carrots, garlic and onions are all rich sources of vitamins such as A, C, E, and several B vitamins.
- **Garlic and onion** are considered flu-fighting superfoods, thought to stimulate the immune system and have antimicrobial properties.
- **Water** – a thin soup can be a really good way to rehydrate – maintaining a good fluid balance is incredibly important, especially when someone has a fever, vomiting, or diarrhoea. If you're struggling to keep water down, sometimes a warm, savoury taste like chicken soup helps to settle the stomach and rehydrate the body.

In short, chicken soup or similar kinds of food are perfect for when you're unwell – easy to eat and digest. It won't make your cold go away, but it's a great source of nourishment, with a healthy blend of natural sugars, salts, protein and vegetables in a warm, comforting and hydrating form.



Chicken noodle soup

When there's a chill in the air try this wholesome soup for a tasty and comforting meal.



Ingredients

- 2 Tbsp olive oil
- 3 cloves of garlic, minced
- 1 onion, diced
- 1 large carrot, grated or sliced
- 1 celery stalk, finely chopped
- 1 Tbsp fresh ginger, grated
- 6 cups chicken stock
- 400g skinless chicken breast
- 100g rice noodles
- 1 tsp fresh rosemary or thyme, chopped
- Freshly ground black pepper and salt to taste
- Handful of chopped parsley

Method

1. Heat oil in a large pot on a low heat, add garlic and onion, cook for 3 minutes, or until softened.
2. Add carrot, celery and ginger, cook for 5 minutes, stirring often.
3. Add chicken stock to the pot and simmer for 15 minutes.
4. Add chicken breast, noodles, herbs, salt and pepper.
5. Reduce heat to low and simmer for 8-10 minutes, or until the chicken is fully cooked.
6. Remove chicken and shred with two forks. Add chicken back to pot then stir in chopped parsley and serve.

What is restless legs syndrome?

Restless legs syndrome (RLS) is a condition where the legs feel uncomfortable, causing an overwhelming need to move them. The sensations are often described as crawling, tingly or creeping feelings. It usually only affects the feet and lower legs, although it can also be experienced in the thighs or arms. The symptoms usually occur at rest in the late afternoons, evenings and night-time, and can cause serious sleep disturbances.

WHAT CAUSES RLS?

Most cases of RLS don't have any obvious cause, and this is known as idiopathic or primary RLS. Some people find that it gets worse when they drink alcohol or take nicotine or caffeine. There's a definite genetic element to RLS, meaning that you're more likely to get it if you have a close family member who has it. Some

medications can increase the symptoms too, including some antidepressants and some older forms of antihistamines.

RLS can be a symptom of some other conditions, including iron-deficiency anaemia, and it's more common in people with kidney problems. When it's caused by another condition, it's known as secondary RLS. RLS is also fairly common in pregnancy, usually resolving quickly afterwards.

HELP TO LESSEN THE SYMPTOMS

If there's an underlying cause such as anaemia, treating that cause can often completely resolve RLS. If there's no obvious reason it can be harder to completely eradicate, but can often be well managed through simple measures, such as:

- getting regular – but not excessive – exercise throughout the day

- practicing good sleep techniques, including keeping regular bed times
- reducing caffeine intake, and in particular, completely cutting out caffeine later in the day
- reducing or avoiding alcohol intake
- stopping smoking – nicotine use causes a huge, varied, and often serious range of problems; if you're a smoker, the best personal health decision you can make is to give it up!

If you're experiencing persistent restless legs syndrome, consulting your healthcare provider is important to rule out any underlying causes. If it's not relieved by healthy lifestyle changes, and the symptoms are causing significant concern and problems such as serious sleep disturbance, your doctor may recommend some medications.

How does **stress** affect your body?

The connection between emotional health and physical health seems clear to anyone who has ever suffered times of great stress or any form of mental illness.

Emotional upheaval can make you feel physically ill, and can even make you more susceptible to certain illnesses. The reasons underlying this are complex and subject to ongoing research in the scientific and medical community.

What has become increasingly clear is that stress can have a huge impact on our emotional and physical wellbeing, but we're not completely helpless when it comes to stress management.

How does stress affect our bodies?

The mechanisms are varied, but our response to stressful situations can have a significant negative effect on our bodies. High stress levels, especially long-term, can actually contribute to serious conditions like heart disease, disorders of the digestive system, mental illness, and even immune system dysfunction.

The impact on our immune system can leave us susceptible to all kinds of bacteria and viruses – causing us to get ill, just when we're at our most stressed already. It's a nasty cycle; stress makes us ill, and illness makes us stressed. Understanding the relationship between stress and the immune system is especially important at this time of seasonal illnesses, when cold, flu, and even more serious viruses abound.

How can we help ourselves?

Years of medical research indicates that we may be able to do something about the way stress affects us. Tests to monitor immune function were performed on students who were going through important exams, and it was found that their immune system health worsened every day. Students who were taught to use daily mindfulness and stress-relieving techniques had better immune system function than those in the 'control' group – those who didn't practice any kind of stress relief. Furthermore, those students who took their stress-relieving techniques seriously and practiced them daily did better than those who weren't as dedicated.

This gives us a good indication that simple stress-management systems can have a positive effect on our stress levels and an important knock-on effect on our immune systems and health in general. One way to help protect yourself from illness is to ensure you're as healthy as you can be. A healthy lifestyle and good control of any underlying conditions – including lifestyle and external stressors – can make all the difference.

What's the takeaway?

Stress contributes to a wide range of illnesses, but the effects can be reduced by simple stress management techniques such as mindfulness. If stress is a serious problem for you or you think it may be making you unwell, whether physically or mentally, seeing a healthcare professional could be a great start on the road to recovery.

OUR PHILOSOPHY

Our goal is for you to find a doctor at our practice that will become "Your GP", who will provide you with continuity of care with the security of having a doctor who knows you well.

PRACTICE NURSE

We have Practice Nurses on site every day. This means we can provide better access to health screening and management of long-term health problems like diabetes and heart failure.

SKIN CLINIC

Dr Neil Donovan and Dr Ingrid Buchner have undertaken post graduate training in skin cancer detection and management. Our Practice also has the latest skin cancer digital diagnostic technology (MoleMate). The clinic runs on a Tuesday and Thursday by appointment.

BETTER HEALTH CLINICS

Our nurses can assist you to manage your health care in a team based approach. Ask if you are eligible for this service.

WOMENS WELLNESS CLINIC

Our Well Womens trained RN can assist with cervical screening, breast health and continence at the weekly clinics.

PRESCRIPTIONS

Unfortunately we cannot issue prescriptions to patients without seeing them. It is illegal for an Authority prescription to be issued unless it is accompanied with a consultation. Please make sure you make an appointment ahead of time so you do not run out of medication, and give us the time to help manage your medicines in a safe manner.

PATHOLOGY & RESULTS

Southern IML Pathology collect samples in the surgery Monday to Friday from 8am to 12pm. No appointment necessary. Results are available from 2.30–4.30pm daily. Our receptionist can let you know if your results require action, or if your Doctor has asked us to make you an appointment.

PRACTICE FEES

We are a fee-for-service practice. Our fees are in line with the AMA recommended fees. Consultations are payable on the day.

MEDICARE REBATES

Our practice offers the facilities for your Medicare Rebate to be deposited immediately into your bank account.

COMPLAINTS

We value patient feedback and take your concerns seriously. If you have a suggestion or complaint, please feel free to use our suggestion box or talk to our Practice Manager. If you have a problem you wish to take beyond this practice, you can contact: The Health Care Complaints Commission Locked Bag 18 Strawberry Hills NSW 2012 Regional Free Call: 1800 043 159 <http://www.hccc.nsw.gov.au>



CROSSWORD SOLUTION
DOWN:
2. INDIGESTION 4. OPTIMIST 5. REHYDRATE
6. MINDFUL 7. FIBRE
ACROSS:
1. DIARRHOEA 3 REMEDY 8. PESSIMIST 9. IMMUNE
10. DIET 11. STRESS 12. ANXIETY

Disclaimer: The information provided in this newsletter is for educational purposes only, and is not intended as a substitute for sound health care advice. We are not liable for any adverse effects or consequences resulting from the use of any information, suggestions, or procedures presented. Always consult a qualified health care professional in all matters pertaining to your physical, emotional and mental health.

To try the latest **RECIPE** take me home...